

BDS Fourth Year Orthodontics Study Guide

Introduction:

Orthodontics is a course given to the fourth year dental students which provides knowledge of basics of growth and development, classification, diagnosis and management of different malocclusion in orthodontics. The course is divided into a theoretical part which includes lectures and practical sessions which provides the required knowledge and skills to perform basic analysis and diagnosis of malocclusions. The dental students will also learn fabrication of various removable appliances used for correction of malocclusions. This course will help students in management of patients presenting with mal-aligned and crooked teeth in clinical settings. This course will help them making treatment plan as per contemporary fixed and removable appliances used in orthodontics

Outcome:

By the end of this course, students will be able to manage basic orthodontic problems under direct supervision

Teaching and learning:

- Flipped Classroom (FC)
- Interactive lectures (IL)
- Tutorials
 - a. Cased Based Learning (CBL)
 - b. Small Group Discussion (SGD)

Assessment tools:

- 1. Multiple Choice Questions: (MCQs)
 - One Correct Type
 - One Best Type
- 2. Mini Clinical Examination (MiniCEx)
- 3. Observed Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE)



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1.	Introduction to	• Define the terminologies	IL	MCQs
	Orthodontics	related to orthodontics.		
		• Discuss the indications,	SGD	
		contraindications and aims of		
		various types of orthodontic		
		treatments		
2.	Growth and	• Describe the variables		
	Development	affecting growth	FC	MCQs
		• Explain the prenatal and		
		postnatal craniofacial growth		
		• Describe the methods of		
		studying growth		
		• Discuss various theories of		
		growth		
		• Discuss the development of		
		Temporomandibular joint.		
3.	Occlusion	Classify malocclusion.		
		• Explain the clinical features	IL	MCQs
		of normal occlusion	SGD	
		• Differentiate between		
		occlusion and malocclusion		
		• Describe Andrews Six Keys		
		of occlusion.		
4	Dental	Describe the roentgen		
	Radiology	anatomy of teeth, jaws, and	IL	MCQs
		TMJ		
		• Describe variations in normal		
		limits and abnormalities		
			CBL	



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		•	Discuss proper patient		
			positioning while taking the		
			cephalometric radiograph		
		•	Explain radiation hazards	IL	
		•	Discuss the advantages and		
			indications of CBCT (Cone		
			Beam Computer		
			Tomography)		
5	Development of	•	Discuss the prenatal		
	Dentition and		development of dentition		MCQ
	Occlusion	•	Explain the features of		
			primary, mixed and	IL	
			permanent dentition periods	SGD	
		•	Describe Nolla's stages of		
			tooth development		
		•	Discuss the dimensional		
			changes in dental arch that		
			occur with growing age		
		•	Discuss the variations in		
			development including size,		
			form, number and position of		
			teeth		
		•	Describe the various factors		
			affecting development of		
			occlusion.		
6	Malocclusion	•	Classify malocclusion.		
	and Etiology of	•	Describe various local and	IL	MCQs
	Malocclusion		hereditary environmental		
			factors and habits that can		
			cause malocclusion		



		synd o 7 o F o F o 7 o F o F o A o A	uss the following romes/conditions: Treacher-Collins; Pierre-Robin Syndrome; Ectodermal Dysplasia; Down's Syndrome; Cleido-cranial Dysplasia; Hemifacial Microsomia; Achondroplasia. Erouzon and Apert	CBL	
			Syndrome Fetal alcohol syndrome		
7	Preventive and Interceptive Orthodontics	 Disc habit prob Disc main regat Disc 	uss the management of ts leading to orthodontic lems uss space supervision, ttainers and space	IL CBL	MCQs
8	Bone Metabolism	struc ligar • Expl erup • Expl of or • Disc	eribe the normal etures of periodontal ment and bone ain the role of bone in tion and stabilization ain the favorable effects thodontic forces uss the factors affecting n movement.	FC	MCQs
9	Biomechanics	• Disc	uss the functions of PDL	IL	MCQs



		 Discuss the types of wires and alloys used in orthodontics Discuss the ideal properties of orthodontic wires Compare different types of 	
		 alloys used in orthodontic brackets and wires. Discuss the skeletal and deleterious effects of orthodontic forces 	
10	Anchorage, Retention, Relapse and Stability	 Describe the various types of anchorage, retention and relapse Discuss occlusal stability and factors related to retention Discuss various strategies of management of patients during and after orthodontic treatment 	MCQS
11	Removable Appliance	Discuss the various types and CBL indications of various intra- and extra-oral appliances for tooth movement.	MCQs
12	Growth Modification	 Classify removable functional appliances. Describe class II and Class III CBL functional appliances Discuss Concepts, indications, drawbacks, 	MCQs



		components and accessories		
		of growth modification		
		appliances.		
		 Discuss the biomechanics of 		
		fixed and removable growth		
		modification appliances		
		(Expanders, Facemask and		
		chin cup)		
13	Fixed			
15		• Discuss the background of	ſL	MCQs
	Appliances	different fixed appliances	CD	
		-9	GD	
		• Explain the indications, draw		
		backs, components and		
		accessories of fixed		
		appliances.		
		• Describe various types of		
		wires and brackets used in		
		orthodontics.		
		• Describe various bonding and		
		banding materials		
		Discuss orthodontic		
		emergencies and their		
		management (use of wax,		
		sliding of wire, poking wire).		
14	Treatment	Discuss the following:		
	Planning	Non skoletel problems	IL DI	MCQs
		including Class I	BL	
		malocclusion; Crowding,		
		Spacing, Cross bite, Open		
		bite, and Deep bite		



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			• Skeletal problems Class II		
			Division 1 and Division 2		
			• Class III		
			• Extractions in		
			Orthodontics		
		•	Discuss the adjunctive		
			treatment goals and principles		
			for the management of		
			malocclusion		
15	Surgical	•	Describe the principles of	IL	MCQs
	Orthodontics		orthognathic surgery;	CBL	
		•	Discuss the surgical treatment		
			options for Class II and Class		
			III malocclusions		
		•	Describe the indication and		
			contraindications of		
			orthognathic surgeries		
16	Cleft Lip and	•	Discuss the etiology, clinical	IL	MCQs
	Palate		features, general and	CBL	
			orthodontic management of		
			cleft lip and palate		
		•	Describe the referral		
			pathways		
17	Adult	•	Discuss the etiology and	IL	MCQ
	Orthodontics		clinical features of	CBL	
	and Periodontal		periodontal diseases.	CDL	
	Considerations	•	Classify periodontal diseases.		
		•	Discuss the role of		
			orthodontists in the		
			management of periodontal		
	l				



		diseases.		
		LINICAL SKILLS session students will be able to:	Teaching Methods	Assessment tools
1	Dental Radiology	 Differentiate between various intra-oral and extra-oral radiographs Interpret different radiographic films 	OPD Demonstration	MiniCEx OSCE
2	Diagnostic Aids in Orthodontics	 Obtain history of patients presenting to the OPD complaining of orthodontic problems following the recommended guidelines Examine intra- and extra- orally patients presenting to the OPD complaining of orthodontic problems following the recommended guidelines Trace cephalograms of at least 05 patients complaining of orthodontic problems following the recommended steps Analyze the traced cephalograms of at least 05 patients complaining of orthodontic problems following the recommended steps Analyze the traced cephalograms of at least 05 patients complaining of orthodontic problems following the recommended steps; Cephalometric analysis, Sagittal analysis, 	Lab demo	OSCE



	Vertical analysis, Dental	
	analysis, Soft tissue analysis	
•	Perform cast, Bolton's and	OCCE
	mixed dentition analysis of at	OSCE
	least 03 patients complaining	
	of orthodontic problems	
	following the recommended	
	steps	
•	Develop a list of orthodontic	
	problems following history,	
	examination and analyses	
•	Interpret cephalometric	
	radiographs of at least 05	
	patients complaining of	
	orthodontic problems	
•	Interpret OPGs of at least 05	
	patients complaining of	
	orthodontic problems	
•	Identify relevant anatomical	
	structures and landmarks on	
	OPG, Lateral cephalograms	
•	Justify the type of	
	radiographic investigation in	
	a variety of patients	
	presenting with orthodontic	
	problems.	
	Justify the type of fixed	
	appliance therapy and	
	retention plan for at least 01	
	patient presenting with	
	-	



			orthodontic problems		
		•	Document the correct		
			treatment plan for patients		
			presenting with orthodontic		
			problems.		
		•	Refer patients presenting with		
			orthodontic problems		
			requiring complex treatment		
			following the recommended		
			guidelines.		
3	Procedures	•	Fabricate at least 5 of each of	Lab demo	OSCE
			the following:		
			 Adams clasp 		
			• Labial Bow		
			• Canine retractor		
			• Cantilever		
			• Z spring		
			• Hawley's Retainer		
		•	Perform bracket and wire		
			placement and elastomeric		
			ligature on plaster models.		
		•	Identify orthodontic materials		
			and instruments		
		•	Identify the different types of		
			wires used in orthodontics		



Reading Sources:

Text Books:

PROFITT Contemporary Orthodontics .latest EDITION

Internet resources: With easy excess to digital library students will use internet resources with added time flexibility to enrich and update their knowledge and its application.

Library: It provides wealth of resources, space to study alone or in a group. It also provide world of books to discover and borrow.

Assessment Criteria:

Knowledge: MCQs (Multiple Choice Questions) are used to asses objectives covered in each module.

- A MCQ has a statement or clinical scenario followed by four options (likely answer).
- Students after reading the statement/scenario select ONE, the most appropriate response from the given list of options.
- Correct answer carries one mark, and incorrect 'zero mark'. There is no negative marking.
- Students mark their responses on an answer sheet provided by examination department.

Skills:

- OSCE: Objective Structured Clinical Examination:
- Each student will be assessed on the same content and have same time to complete the task.
- Comprise of 12-25 stations.
- Each station may assess a practical tasks include practical skills and application of knowledge
- Stations are observed, interactive, application of knowledge based and rest.
- In Observed and Interactive Stations these will be assessed by internal or external examiners through structured viva or a task.



- Application of knowledge Stations: it will be static stations in which there will be pictures, clinical scenarios with related questions for students to answer on the provided answer copy.
- Rests: It is a station where there is no task given and in this time student can organize his/her thoughts.

AIDM Internal Assessment Policy

Students will be assessed to determine achievement of learning objectives through the following:

- Midterm Examination will be scheduled on completion of half of the course and OPD rotations
- Mock Examination will be scheduled on completion of whole course and OPD rotations
- The method of examination comprises theory exam which includes MCQs, and practical examination by OSCE (Objective Structured Clinical Examination).
- Student's behaviors and attitudes will be observed during all academic activities.

Annual Examination:

- Marks of both internal assessments will constitute 20% weightage as per JSMU policy.
- University Annual examination carries 90% marks. Theory exam will be based on MCQs and Clinical / Professional /communication skills will be assessed by OSCE.

<u>Attempts:</u> There are 2 attempts in the fourth professional examination only. 2^{nd} attempt is the supplementary examination which if not passed student has to repeat the year.

Course Evaluation:

- Pass/fail ratio of continuous and summative assessments will be evaluated.
- 75% attendance is mandatory to be eligible for annual professional examination
- Feedback will be taken
 - Regarding course from students and faculty



- Student feedback regarding faculty
- Faculty feedback of students

Teaching Faculty:

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